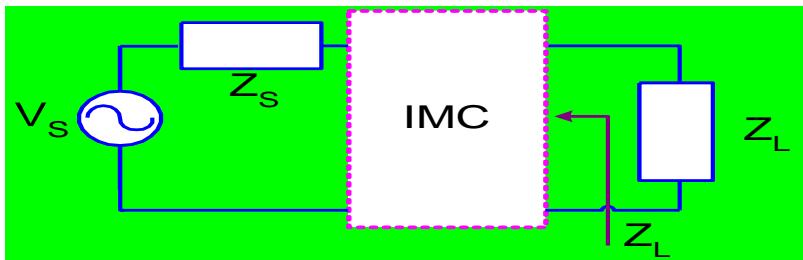


JAWABAN SOAL NO.2

$f=2\text{MHz}$ ;  $Z_s=(10 - j10)\Omega$  dan  $Z_L=(20 + j200)\Omega \rightarrow Z_s < Z_L \rightarrow \text{L-kanan HPF}$



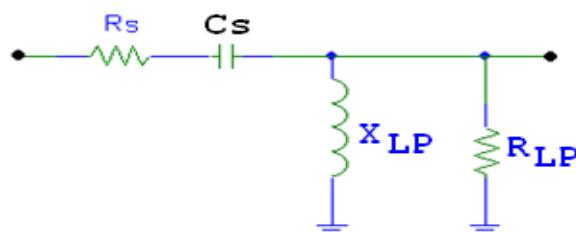
Untuk mempermudah perhitungan selanjutnya, maka beban  $Z_L$  dirubah ke model parallel:

$$Q_s = Q_p = \sqrt{\frac{R_p}{R_s} - 1}$$

$$Q_s = \frac{X_s}{R_s} = \frac{200}{20} = 10$$

$$Q_p = \frac{R_p}{X_p} = 10$$

$$R_{LP} = R_s(1+Q^2) = 2020\Omega; \quad X_{LP} = X_s(1+1/Q^2) = 202\Omega$$

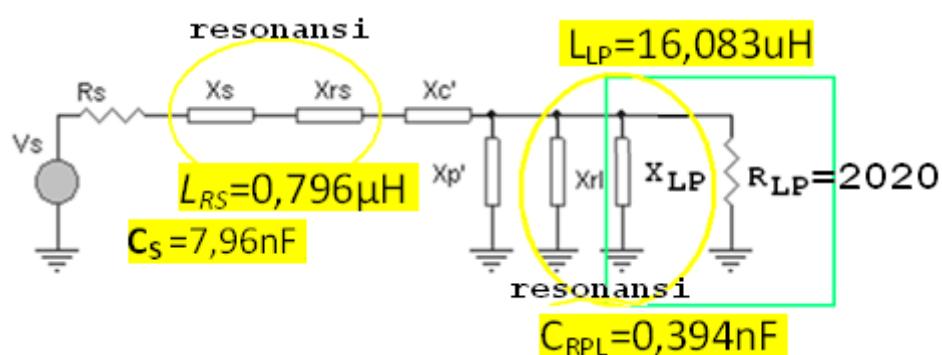


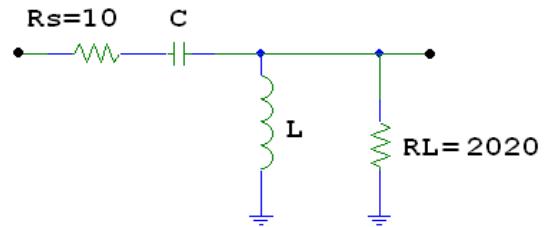
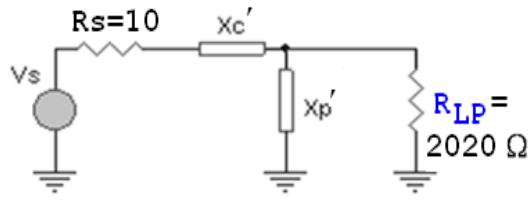
a) Metoda Resonansi :

$$X_{rs}=X_s= -10; \quad \text{dan} \quad 1/X_{RL}=-1/X_{LP} = -1/202; \quad X_{RPL}=-202 \Omega$$

$$C_s = 7,96\text{nF} (-j10\Omega); \quad L_{RS} = 0,796\mu\text{H} (+j10\Omega);$$

$$L_{LP} = 16,083\mu\text{H} (+j202\Omega); \quad C_{RPL} = 0,394\text{nF} (-j202\Omega);$$





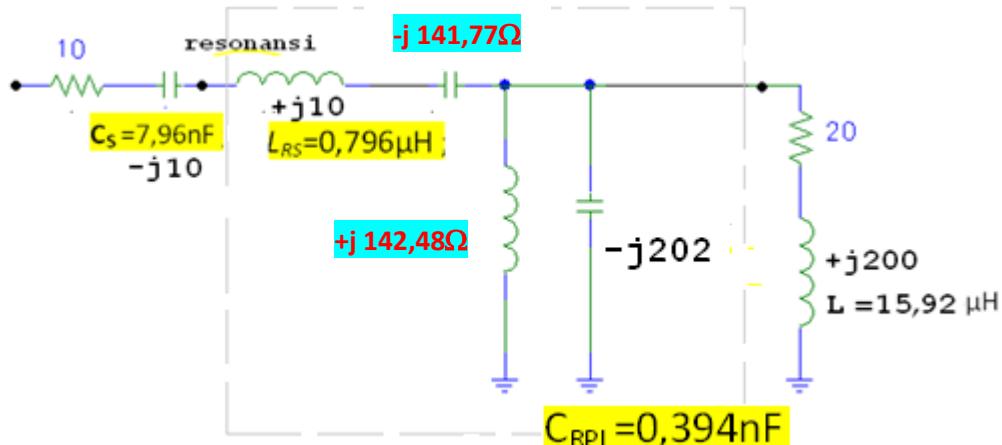
$$Q_s = Q_p = \sqrt{\frac{R_p}{R_s} - 1} = \sqrt{\frac{2020}{10} - 1} = 14,177$$

$$Q_s = \frac{X_s}{R_s} \quad \text{sehingga } X_s = Q_s \times R_s = 14,177 \times 10 = 141,77\Omega$$

Karena bersifat HPF,  $X_s$  berupa C sehingga  $X_s = -j 141,77\Omega$

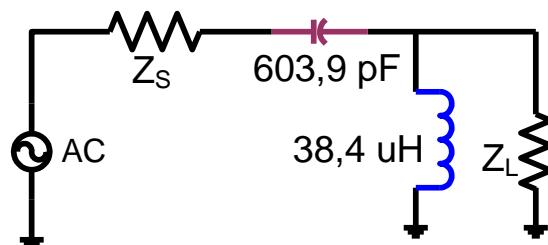
$$Q_p = \frac{R_p}{X_p} \quad \text{sehingga } X_p = \frac{R_p}{Q_p} = \frac{2020}{14,177} = 142,48\Omega$$

Karena bersifat HPF,  $X_p$  berupa L sehingga  $X_p = +j 142,48\Omega$

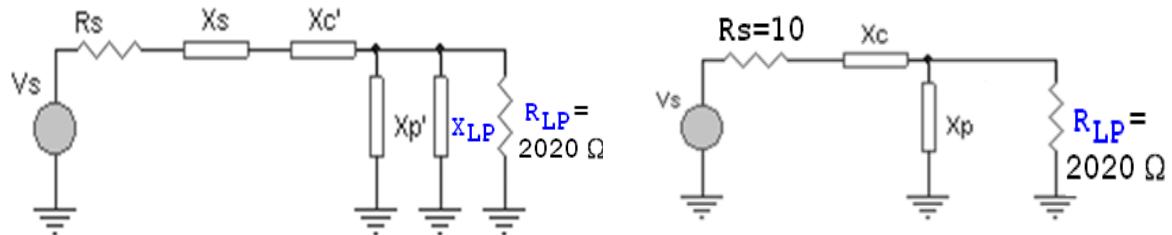


**Komponen akhir pada rangkaian adalah sbb:**

- $X_s$  akhir =  $+j 10 \Omega$  seri dengan  $-j 141,77 \Omega = -j 131,77\Omega$  berupa kapasitor  $C = 603,9 \text{ pF}$
- $X_s$  akhir =  $-j 202 \Omega$  paralel dengan  $+j 142,48 \Omega = \frac{(j142,48) \times (-j202)}{(j142,48) + (-j202)} = +j 483,55\Omega$  berupa Induktor  $L = 38,4 \mu\text{H}$



**b) Metoda Absorbsi :**



$$Q_s = Q_p = \sqrt{\frac{R_p}{R_s} - 1} = \sqrt{\frac{2020}{10} - 1} = 14,177$$

$$Q_s = \frac{X_s}{R_s} \quad \text{sehingga } X_s = Q_s \times R_s = 14,177 \times 10 = 141,77\Omega$$

Karena bersifat HPF,  $X_s$  berupa C sehingga  $X_s = -j 141,77\Omega$

$$X_s = -j 141,77\Omega = -j 10 + X_{solusi} \rightarrow X_{solusi} = -j 131,77\Omega \rightarrow C = 603,9\text{pF}$$

$$Q_p = \frac{R_p}{X_p} \quad \text{sehingga } X_p = \frac{R_p}{Q_p} = \frac{2020}{14,177} = 142,48\Omega$$

Karena bersifat HPF,  $X_p$  berupa L sehingga  $X_p = +j 142,48\Omega$

$$X_p = +j 142,48\Omega = +j202 // X_{solusi}$$

$$\frac{1}{X_p} = \frac{1}{j142,48} = \frac{1}{+j202} + \frac{1}{X_{solusi}} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{X_{solusi}} = \frac{1}{j142,48} - \frac{1}{+j202}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{X_{solusi}} = \frac{1}{j142,48} + \frac{1}{-j202} = j142,48 \text{ paralel} - j202 = +j 483,55$$

$$\Rightarrow L = 38,4 \mu H$$

**Rangkaian menjadi :**

